BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. | BANGOR, ME., SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1885. | VOLUME LII.—NUMBER 183.

BANGOR
Daily Whig and Courier.
PUBLISHED MORNINGS
At East End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.
TERMS—$6 00 for six months
THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
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JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
The Best Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.
CURES—Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Healing Cough, Whooping Cough
Keep it also Known in the Internal Use.
CURES—Catarrh, Chronic Diarrhœa, Kidney Troubles and Bowel Diseases, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery.
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PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS
MAKE NEW, RICH BLOOD.
Positively cure SICK HEADACHE, Biliousness, and all LIVER and BOWEL Complaints, MALARIA, BLOOD POISON, and Skin Diseases (ONE PILL A DOSE). For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. "I find them a valuable Cathartic and Liver Pill."—Dr. P. M. Palmer, Kouneville, Pa.
In my practice I use no other.—J. Donnelson, M.D., Bellville, Iowa. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 50 cts. in stamps. Valuable information WRIT. P. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY
It is a well known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold in this country is worthless. But Sheridan's Condition Powders is absolutely pure and very valuable. Nothing on Earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, one teaspoonful, to each pint of food. Will also positively prevent and cure Fire Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Furnished in large cent price $1.00 by mail $1.10. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.
CHICKEN CHOLERA.

To Clothe the Naked!
In a Christian virtue but we owe it in this principle by offering first-class CUSTOM CLOTHING SO LOW that EVERYONE can afford to dress well. WHILST

50 Indigo Blue Men's Suits, worth	$9.00 at	$6.25
50 Indigo Blue, Men's Suits, strictly all wool, worth	13.50 at	9.45
50 all Wool Plaid and Mixed Suits, worth	12.75 at	8.33
120 Extra-Fine all Wool Suits, latest styles, worth	16.00 at	11.42
75 Brown and Black, all Worsted Whipcord Suits, worth	14.50 at	9.95
140 Superfine Worsted Suits, all shades, worth	21.00 at	15.85
48 Boys' Suits, very strong, age 4 to 11, worth	3.00 at	1.75
95 Boys' Suits, strictly all Wool, age 4 to 11, worth	5.00 at	2.92

Have in display our line of Boys' Fine Suits age 4 to 11 and 11 to 17. Also all the choicest styles of Young Men's Suits, the largest variety, select styles, and lowest prices in the State, at
J. WATERMAN'S "BOSS CLOTHING HOUSE," 75 and 77 Exchange Sts.
(Sign of the Dressed Man.) d&w1m july 3

AN INVENTORY OF GOODS
with prices annexed is dull reading and we don't propose to weary readers of ads with such productions. We will only say this that the leading articles in the first-class Boot and Shoe Stock we carry from January to December and which we will sell from in lots to suit as low as any reputable dealer in Bangor can are the
E. C. BURT,
DONCOLA,
LE MICNON,
FRENCH KID BOOTS.
The Finest Goods Made for Ladies Wear
E. J. DAVIS & CO.,
NO. 19 WEST MARKET SQUARE.
July 6

JUST RECEIVED!
A Full Assortment of the Celebrated
EARL AND WILSON
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.
THE BEST GOODS MADE.
JAMES A. ROBINSON,
WHEELWRIGHT & CLARK'S BLOCK,

CHAS. HALE & CO.
We manufacture all kinds of Gold Jewelry to order, also repairing neatly and promptly done. When you have an Engraver prepared, bring the rest of the set and save them made to look as good as new. We make no extra charge for repolishing. Fancy and plain engraving in Cipher, Monogram, Old English, &c., done equal to the best.
JOHN TIBBETTS & CO.,
(Late of Waltham Watch Co.) Watchmakers and Jewelers, Proprietors
July 1

LEIGHTON, DAVENPORT & CO.
PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS,
And Galvanized Iron Workers,
Now is the time to repair your leaky Roofs and Gutters for winter by having them properly covered with Galvanized Iron. We continue to make a specialty of
METALLIC LINING GUTTERS AND COVERING ROOF.
While the weather is warm, prepare your house for the cold weather by putting in Steam Heating Apparatus. We give particular attention to heating houses with Steam, and are selling many of the celebrated VICTOR BOILERS.
We can put in Steam Heating Apparatus cheaper now than ever before on account of the very low price of Boilers, Radiators, Pipe &c. Plumbing of all kinds done in the most thorough and scientific manner and having secured the services of one of the most skillful Plumbers of Boston, we solicit a continuance of the public patronage.
A Large Stock of Salt Glazed, Vitrified and Carbonized Stone Drain and Sewer Pipe Constantly on Hand, which we offer for sale at the Lowest Prices.
Also a Large Stock of Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Plain and Galvanized Iron Pipe, Steam Radiator Valves, &c.
Corner of York and Exchange Sts.
July 1

IF YOU WANT PURE MEDICINES,
Choice Perfumes, Toilet Waters, Soaps, Sponges, Chamois, Hair, Tooth, or Nail Brushes, or Toilet Articles of any Kind,
IF YOU WANT A FINE IMPORTED OR DOMESTIC CIGAR,
If You Want a Prescription Properly Compounded from Best Materials, Go to
EAST SIDE DRUG STORE,
W. C. TRUE, PHARMACIST,
Corner Kenduskeag Bridge and Harlow Street.

Business Cards.

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,
AUCTIONEERS
General Ins. and Real Estate Agency
129 Exchange Street

FILES! - - - FILES!
Now is the Time to Sharpen Up
1,000 Dozen Files
The Lowest Prices.
Old Files Re-cut as usual
JOB COLLETT - - - Exchange St

At Harlow's Drug Store,
Popular Patent Medicines.
MINERAL WATERS,
All the Best Disinfectants,
SALVATION INSECT POWDER
Pure Hellebore, Paris Green, Guano, Whale Oil Soap.
A Full Line of Drugs, MEDICINES,
EXPRESSES
4 Smith Block Bangor

Poor, White & Greenough,
BANKERS,
Orders executed for cash or on margin for all securities current in the New York market. Correspondence invited.
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD
15 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

THE BANCOR
Steam Laundry,
NO. 31 CENTRAL ST.,
BANGOR - MAINE.
L. O. BUZZELL, Prop.

Life Insurance Made Easy.
SURE CURE CHOLERA REMEDY.
Warranted.
CHICK & HAYNES.
121 Exchange Street.

New Potatoes,
Savannah Water Melons, Gooseberries, Sugar L. Pine Apples, Jubilees, Strawberries,
All in the Morning, Fresh,
Thompson & Kellogg's.
CENTRAL STREET.

A Very Fine Assortment
HORSE CLOTHING
CARRIAGE ROBES,
C. S. LOMBARD & CO.'S,
Harness & Trunk Store,
West End Kenduskeag Bridge, - - Bangor, Me.

Aulnay Tower.
Miss Blanche Howard's New Book.
CHAS. HIGHT,
3 SMITH'S BLOCK

MARRIAGE, Visiting and Business Cards printed in latest styles of type at WHIG and COURIER Job Office.

Whig and Courier.
Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1845.
TERMS OF ADVERTISING!

For one square (one inch in space) one year	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half square, one time	75
For half square, three times	1 00
For half square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES
$2.50 per sq. are for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS charged at the rate of "Special Notices."
Advertisements to be ctd three times a week at two thirds price, two times a week one half price, one time a week one third price.
Advertisements ordered for the time of insertion for an indefinite time will be continued until ordered out.
All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements inserted at intervals of 3 months will be charged as new.
A reasonable allowance will be made to the trade for large contracts.
Business Notices 10 cents per line each insertion, for small matter, and 15 cents for a line for leaded matter.

STATE NEWS

Cumberland

Wednesday seventeen swordfish, weighing from 300 to 600 pounds each, were brought into Portland, and sold to go to the mouth and seaside hotels.

The National Encampment executive committee have made a handsome present to W. W. McDuffee the efficient clerk, for his ability and courtesy during his connection with the committee.

Wednesday, for a load of the following packing schooners was recorded at the Portland Fish Exchange, with their fares: Schooners M. M. Chase, 250 barrels; George William, 200 do; A. H. Willis, 200 do; Tattle Hopkins, 200 do; A. H. Fox, 260 do; Ethel and Addie, 160 do; a total of 1140 barrels.

Mrs. Ruth I. Dyer, the eldest lady in Bowdoin, died Friday. She was 96 years, 1 month and 24 days old. She had been the mother of a large family of children. The living ones were the twin the exception of the youngest daughter who lives in California, and the oldest, Mrs. David Jordan, of Lewiston, who was in poor health. She died at the home of her son Nathaniel.

Hancock

Schooner D. B. Webb, Holbrooks master, is running for Burnt Coat Harbor during the fog. Thursday morning ran ashore on the southeast end of Heron Island. The D. B. Webb is about seventy tons, old measurement, some twenty five years old and hails from Deer Island, and has on board 300 barrels of mackerel which will probably be saved.

Kennebec

More Italian laborers are expected in Gardiner by the last of the week to work on the water works.

Monday afternoon, son of Allen Richard on of Clinton, while putting a horse in the stable, was kicked by the horse. He was some time before he came to his senses. The wound was dressed and the boy is doing well.

The directors of the Gardiner High School last Wednesday, elected Ruel Robinson principal of the school, reports the Item. Mr. Robinson is a graduate of Bates College and an experienced teacher, having been principal of the Camden high school for the past three years.

Benjamin son of Noah Whitten of Clinton aged nineteen years, died Tuesday morning. Bert had the diphtheria and was thought to be over it being so far on the road to recovery. His brothers who slept with him heard him breathe hard and called his parents but he died in a few minutes.

Phillip Obey, of Winthrop, a French Canadian was before Trial Justice Franklin Wood Monday on complaint of Thomas A. Pinkham, for throwing stones at Grace Pinkham. He was fined $10 and costs, on default of payment was committed to jail. Obey had no counsel and cannot understand our language very well and hardly realized what was going on until the officer started with him for the jail. It soon transpired that he was in doubtedly innocent, and that night Mr. H. Grace, for whom Obey worked, went to Augusta and paid his fine and costs, amounting to $17.45, and brought him home with him.

Knox

Wednesday morning, a little daughter of Alonzo Young, of Cushing, repaired to her brother's sleeping apartment for the purpose of rousing him. Finding a light on the stand she essayed to light it, but inadvertently threw the lighted match on the floor. It fell on a cloth rug, which was immediately in flames and was soon found smouldering to the wood work, but no immediate alarm and a timely application of water prevented a serious conflagration, reports the Courier-Gazette.

Oxford

Mrs. Mary Harlow, aged eighty three years, who has resided alone for a number of years, in Canton, was found on Monday last in a helpless condition in her house. The neighbors not seeing Mrs. Harlow about her home as usual, called and found her under the bed in an entirely helpless condition. She was able to converse so she said she arose in the night and fell on the floor and was unable to get up. She must have laid in that situation some twelve hours. A partial shock of paralysis was probably the cause of her condition.

Last Friday, Miss Nellie Gould, a weaver in the Oxford woolen mill, went out into the dye house to wash before going home. There is a barrel of soap and water in the dye house in which the girls wash off the dirt and grease of their looms, and then rinse their hands in a big tank near by. A few feet back of this barrel runs the belt which operates the pump. Miss Gould caught her dress in this belt and was thrown violently to the floor. Her clothes were almost entirely torn off her body. Some men who were near by caught hold of her and pulled her away. Had it not been for the belt slipping on the pulley she would have been seriously injured.

Mr. Kimball, member of a New York firm, has come to West Paris with four men and more workmen are coming to look after and superintend the manufacture of chairs at our steam mill. This is a step of an experiment and if successful this firm of which Mr. Kimball is a member, will do a large business in manufacturing chairs either themselves or through other parties next year. It is stated that they would employ forty men. A paper mill will probably be built within one year at Snow's Falls on the site where the pulp mill was recently burned.

Waldo.

Barney C. Higgins, son of A. S. Higgins, of Thorndike, was injured badly one day last week. He was going to the field with a scythe when he fell, his right knee coming across the edge of the scythe, cutting into the joint and half severing the leg.

Mr. L. A. Dow, Brigadier's Island, Searsport, so far as we can learn, was the champion salmon catcher in that vicinity for the season just ended. He caught 507 salmon, averaging thirteen pounds each—a total of 6,591 pounds. It was a profitable season's work for him.

Mr. E. F. Staples, a prominent citizen, and local manager and one of the directors of the Fort Point Company, had a very narrow escape from death by strangulation, on Thursday, July 23, while dining at the Cleaves House where he and his lady board. "A chicken bone" stuck in his throat which set him into a violent fit of coughing. He was on the point of violent convulsions when medical assistance was called, and after considerable difficulty he was relieved of the bone.

Washington.

The fishing schooner Sea Spray, Capt. Jabez Matthews, arrived at Eastport from the banks last Thursday with a full fare 800 quintals of codfish. The trip was made in five weeks and is the second one this season. We learn that these are the two quickest trips ever made from this port. The vessel is now being fitted out for a trawling trip in the Bay of Fundy.

The steamer Gen. Leavitt was disabled on Monday afternoon by the breaking of the shaft while on the passage from Lubec to Eastport. The accident happened near Owen Pier, Campobello and the steamer was run for that place. It is unfortunate that the accident should occur at the busiest season, when the steamer is most needed on the route. It so happened that when the Leavitt broke down all the other small steamers were out of the harbor, the Lincoln having gone to St. George with a party and Nellie Kane was on a trip around Campobello Island with a party. The Lincoln will take the place on the route until repairs are made, which will take about one week. It being necessary to send to Portland for a new shaft.—Portland Sentinel.

York

T. A. Chase, of Lyman, was fined ten dollars at Old Orchard, Wednesday, for the larceny of ten dollars from a fellow boarder at the hotel.

Used up Bank Notes

THE NATIONAL REDEMPTION AGENCY—CLERKS WITH QUICK EYES AND NIMBLE FINGERS.

[Washington Star.]

When the national bank notes have trampled about the country until they have become ragged and vagabond and have reached the lowest depths of degradation they are handled up and sent to the Treasury department for redemption. Many million of these vagrants are received at the department each year. They have to pass in review through the national bank redemption agency, where those that are utterly deprived and good for nothing are selected to be chewed up, and those that have got in through the force of association but are still not so far gone that some good may not be got out of them, are sent back into the service. In the place of those that are condemned they are not so crisp and clean, as at first. The expression of them is not so well defined and in some cases very moved and interesting. But their tale is told equally by their ragged and dirty appearance when they get back to the department. The average length of time that a new note can keep up a respectable appearance is about three years. Some have been found at the end of twenty years to be as crisp as on the day of their issue but these are exceptional cases where they have fallen into the hands of people who are lovers of the new and carefully gun dried them from rough usage. The wandering note which has not such luck, rapidly gets to pieces and it starts out for the west stopping along at the counters and tills in the frequented saloons and dives with low company. But it is hunted on a bank note very quickly. If the hunted note when it falls in with a bloody shirted catcher. Some have been known to become good for a thing or two such circumstances in a few weeks. They are subject too to all sorts of misfortune by fire and water.

Many thousands get burnt up. Then their chance land finally in a envelope sent to the treasury for redemption. One lady in the comptroller's office in this use has charge of them and they are sent to her for identification before they can be redeemed. Her name is Fitzgerald, and she is said to be very expert at telling or identifying a note giving its proper name, date and classification, no matter how badly burnt it is. Sometimes a mere atom of a note of three dollars is found. Expressed are sent in all stuck together, and burnt clear through to a black crispy mass. She then separates them one by one with a very thin bladed knife, and places the charred remains of each one separately upon a glass slab and examines it very carefully with a magnifying glass. She is familiar with all peculiarities of the issues of the various banks and a note must be reduced almost to ashes to be beyond her recognition though to an inexperienced eye it might not be distinguished from a piece of greasy paper which had gone through the fire.

All those notes otherwise mutilated go directly to the redemption agency. The degree of expert efficiency displayed there is something remarkable. This branch of the service was organized about eleven years ago by Gen. Spinner. Prior to that there was no systematic redemption of the paper currency as it became too worn for circulation, and a good many ragamuffin notes were wandering about the country. The service began with about 125 people employed in counting and assorting of the notes and requires great care, and it is the notes that come in for redemption. Very nearly the same amount of work is now done by 67. The counting in and assorting of the notes requires great care, and it is only after long experience that it can be done rapidly. There is an average of about 150,000,000 notes per year handled and they have to be counted about five times if there is no hitch in the count and oftener if any mistakes are made. But the amount is variable from year to year, and even from month to month. The lowest number was in 1880 $1, when 60,000,000 were redeemed, and from that it has run up as high as 240,000,000 in a single year. Some months it runs as low as four or five million, then again it runs up in other months to 18 or 20 million. The months of January and June always take the lead, those being the periods just after the fall and spring trade respectively, when the currency worn out from the rough usage in trade is collected and sent in to be replaced by new notes.

The force of fifty seven, all except two or three of whom are ladies can handle just half a million notes each day. This is very expert counting. The notes when they come to be judged have first to be "counted in." This requires the "counter in" to go over them twice and she must make no mistake and pass no counterfeit or the loss thus caused will be deducted from her salary. She is given from six to ten thousand notes, for which she is given a receipt, then she counts them in, then she counts them back, and if the two counts agree she is given credit for them when she settles up in the evening, turning in the money bound and labeled with her name and the amount on each package. If the package or any of them, are found short, she has to make good the deficiency. Next, the notes have to be assorted, those in good condition from those in bad condition, then they have to be grouped as to denomination, under the head of banks. Then they are "bounted out." The "counter-in" has to handle them twice and the "counter out" thrice, but the former has the most responsibility, and must be more expert. The counter in handles from 6,000 to 10,000 notes twice, or counts 12,000 to 20,000 per day, while the counter-out handles from 15,000 to 7,000 three times, or counts from 45,000 to 21,000 per day. This is provided they make no mistakes, which makes a recount necessary and doubles the work.

To do this requires constant attention and is a great strain on the nerves, as each note has to be scrutinized very closely to see that it is not counterfeit, and the "counter-in" must know the name of every bank that has a counterfeit upon it, and have in his mind a full description of the false note so as to be able to detect it at sight. The superintendent says counterfeit notes are thrown out by these experts without hesitation every time they come to them. They have a line of notes passing before their eyes all the time, and any flaw or defect they notice on the instant. Two hundred and forty appointments have been made during the eleven years of the agency's existence, and forty of the fifty-seven employes now there have served from the first. A new hand is doing remarkably well if he or she learns in six months to count five hundred per day on the assortment, which is the easiest, while these old hands will count ten thousand a day if the notes are fairly good. Women are employed for this business because of the delicacy of their touch and on the account of the fact that they are not so apt to have bad habits, as than is the case of a man. They must be young, quick and healthy and well educated.

To witness the efficient and system in the office is a remarkable sight, the eye of the counter cannot for an instant be taken from the notes and their fingers fly through the money like fine machinery, one greenback following another in a never ending procession all day long. It is said that three counters see every line of engraving on the face of a note at a glance as it passes through their fingers.

Creeping Things in Texas

A MENAGERIE OF POISONOUS INSECTS—CENTIPEDES, TARANTULAS, SINGAROONS AND HORSES AND FIRE ANTS.

[Texas Letter to Philadelphia Times.]

Sanderson is an outlying station on the Southern Pacific railroad, and stands well out on the great Prison Plain, about midway between El Paso and Del Rio. Old Roy Bean who formerly dispensed from the justice of a decidedly original and peculiar kind while acting as magistrate at Murdrosville during the building of the railroad, owns the eating privilege at Sanderson and the liquid refreshment bureau connected therewith. This business is rather monotonous and to a man of old Roy's temperament not altogether pleasant. Latterly he has found time hanging heavily on his hands and to assist him in whiling away the lagging hours that creep by so slowly out on this dreary plain he has taken up the study of natural history. His collection, as yet, is small but it is a decidedly unique one.

In a large glass case, in the rear of his saloon he has caged more concentrated venom than can be found anywhere outside of a poison factory. First on the list is a family of centipedes, consisting of a giant nearly ten inches in length, the old fellow's son and daughter and a numerous progeny of babies. These critters have not pretty faces. He came too much to legs. In the course of my checkered career I have had several adventures with centipedes and always come out second best. A centipede can raise a blister on a man's body quicker than a red hot iron and if you don't immediately apply a remedial poultice of pounded prickly pear and dose yourself heavily with pure whisky—which latter is warranted to kill anything but an Irishman's rule—the resultant effects may be serious. Centipedes usually attack their victims at night, when he is asleep and intrenches himself. They are armed with about two hundred little legs, conveniently hashed to the tune of each foot—of which they have several—and at the bite of each leg is a tiny sack of venom. If one centipede crawls across your body—which he will most likely do if you lie down anywhere with his half mile of legs—you will have no difficulty in following his trail and you will remember his visit for weeks. No man ever died from the bite of a centipede, but I have no own one to make a man wish he was dead.

In the cages adjoining that occupied by the centipede was a nest of tarantulas. They were about the size of a common saucer and were as hairy as bears. Their mouths were blood red and they each had four sharp teeth, which from time to time they snapped viciously. I was bitten by a tarantula once and I felt thankful that these two were caged. The tarantula is an exaggerated spider with teeth and hair. They are always ready for a fight and will tackle anything, not excluding a bare-assed man. In days gone by I have often amused myself by letting one with a red hot iron out of its cage. At first they would fight shy but after they once got mad they would attack that cool and never surrender until they were burned to a crisp.

A gastronomic tenderfoot would have peered into the next cage, conjured up visions of lobster salad and smacked his lips. I shuddered. It is true that the fellow apart somewhat resembled Hippothian lobsters in all save color, which was a subdued tan. Lobster salad is made with vinegar, and this fact is probably responsible for the name of these poisonous little vermin, which I immediately recognized as a quartette of vinegaroons. The vinegaroon has never been satisfactorily classified and is content to plod through life undistinguished save by his humble mouthful (pretty much). The Mexicans and Indians who have been acquainted with the vinegaroon longer than I have solemnly assert that his bite is deadly. I have always taken their word for it. The vinegaroon lives under decaying logs and if disturbed scorps to run. I saw a fight once between a vinegaroon and a tarantula. The tarantula was lifted out of the pit decided in one minute.

The adjoining apartment contained a pair of stinging lizards, which are scorpions in miniature. The stinging lizard is found most anywhere, but principally snugly ensconced in the folds of your blanket when you lie down at night. He always lets you know that he is there, and I have known strong men to tear their hair and dance and—pray in a very undignified and eccentric fashion upon discovering that a stinging lizard had selected them as a bed-fellow! The stinging lizard's weapon of defense and offense is his tail, which is long and as full of joints as a bamboo pole. When he punches you with the sharp end of this caudal appendage you think of shot's fire and howl. The stinging lizard is not good to eat. The application of a fresh quid of tobacco will take the fire out of the spot where he salutes you.

It was necessary to look twice before discovering the occupant of the next cage, and only a person familiar with the fauna of the Southwestern frontier would have recognized him then, a gigantic devil horse, who crouched motionless in one corner of the cage waiting for something to turn up. I have usually observed the devil horse in this attitude of anxious expectancy. If an adventurous fly should hover too near him, however, he wakes up with a celerity that is astonishing, and in less than it takes to say "boo" that fly is his meat. He does not eat flies, but simply extracts the juices from their bodies and lays for more. The body of a devil horse is all of the same size and he looks not unlike a green walking-stick set up on twelve other walking-sticks, six on a side. He can jump ten feet without stopping to catch his breath. Old Roy's specimen, whom he calls "Shortstop" because he is good on the fly catch, was about six inches in length and the size of a broom-straw.

There was a mound of sand in the next cage, and this sand was literally alive with what an unidentified frontiersman would at once have recognized as fire ants. I don't know his classical name, but he is found in large numbers all over the Southwestern frontier. Whenever a colony makes camp in your vicinity it will be well to let them remain in peaceable possession. My camp was once invaded by fire ants. It was a good place, convenient to wood and water, and I hated to leave. I disputed the right of occupancy with them for three weeks, at the end of which time I surrendered and fled.

During that three weeks I dug them out, burned them out and drowned them out, but they didn't seem to mind it in the least. They went on burrowing and building and exploring the surrounding country, and when my tent got full of them, and I had been bitten in about three million different places, I thought it time to move. The bite of the fire ant is like the sting of the stinging lizard. It hurts and makes a sore place. It used to be a test of courage among the Comanche Indians for a brave to thrust his bared arm into a nest of fire ants and hold it there without flinching, while his companions went through the movements of a somewhat complicated dance around his tortured body. They don't do it any more. Once near Pope's Crossing, on the Pecos river, I reached a village of fire ants and started to make a detour. We discovered Indian signs of recent date and halted to investigate. A band of Indians had camped on the edge of the ant village and a prisoner, who afterwards proved to be a bear hunter named Goggin was stripped bound hand and foot and laid down among the ant hills. You can imagine his horrible sufferings. We found his bones and gave them decent burial. The fire ant is pugnacious and his mode of warfare is always aggressive. In the aggregate he will attack any living thing, from an elephant down, kill him by sheer force of numbers and devour all but the bones.

Church Directory

[All notices for this department must be sent in before 9 o'clock M. on Friday to secure insertion.]

MORNING Services and sermons at reduced rates will be given at 10 o'clock A. M. Evening services at 7:30 o'clock.

FIRST PARISH (CONGREGATIONAL)—Broadway, near State. Supported by voluntary contributions. Services free. Rev. N. H. Harriman, pastor. Rev. Inquire 109 State street. Morning service at 10:30. Bible School at 12:00. The pastor's Bible Class is open to all. Evening services at 7:00. Strangers and the city heartily welcomed at all services.

HAMMOND STREET CONGREGATIONAL—Hammond Street, corner High. Rev. Henry E. Cobb, pastor. Services 10:30 A. M. Sunday School 12 M. Evening service at 7:30.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL—French Street, near State. Rev. George W. Field, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Evening subject: "Life and Church Work in Germany."

FIRST BAPTIST—Harlow Street, near Center. Rev. T. F. Bradbell, Pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Sunday evening service at 7:30 P. M. No service in the afternoon except the first sunday in each month, when Dr. Lord's Lecture will be observed. Church service with short sermon conducted by the pastor at 7:30 P. M.

SECOND BAPTIST—Court Street, Rev. Geo. H. Ricker, Pastor. Sunday services: Preaching at 10:30 A. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Communion service at 3 P. M. The First Sunday of each month. Prayer meeting at 7 P. M.

FIRST UNIVERSALIST—Union Street, near State. Services at 10:30 A. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M. Rev. Edward Cummings, Pastor.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Corner State and Court streets. Rev. Wm. H. Rector, Minister. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Class meeting at 12 M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 7 P. M. Seats free.

ST. JOHN'S ROMAN CATHOLIC—Court Street. Rev. M. O'Brien, Pastor.

ST. JOHN'S ROMAN CATHOLIC—Pine Street. Rev. Edward McGinley, Pastor.

WATER ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Corner Water and Union streets. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 6:45 P. M. Seats free.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—West Market Square. Elder L. D. Pratt, Pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 7 P. M. Wednesday evening. Church cordially invites strangers to worship with them.

FIRST BAPTIST—Corner Union and Somerset streets. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 6:45 P. M. Seats free.

UNION ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Union Street, corner Clinton. Rev. C. R. Bond, Pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 6:45 P. M. Seats free.

SECOND ADVENT HALL—Exchange Street. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 6:45 P. M.

CONGREGATIONAL—Hatch Street. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 6:45 P. M.

CONGREGATIONAL CHAPEL—Hall Street. Services at 3 P. M.

KATZ HALL SCHOOL HOUSE—Stillwater Avenue. Services at 3 o'clock afternoon. Prayer meeting evenings at 7 o'clock.

INDEPENDENT CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—Union Street. Preaching every Sunday at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting every Sunday at 9:30 A. M. Sunday School at 2 P. M. Seats free. Rev. Geo. W. Knox, Pastor. Preaching at 3 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting at 7 P. M. Seats free.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL—Rev. B. B. Merrill, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Followed by Sunday School. Evening meeting at 7 P. M. Good ably Concert the first Sabbath in each month. Sunday School Concert the second Sunday.

SECOND CONGREGATIONAL—Brewer Village. Sunday School at 10:30 A. M. Preaching at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Main St. Rev. W. W. Marsh, Pastor. Morning service at 10:30, to be followed by Sabbath School.

HAMDEN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. James A. Cousins, of the Seminary. Morning services at 10:30, follow at 12 by Sunday School. Evening Lecture at 7:00. Mid week prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Seats free.

FIRST HAMDEN—Rev. E. B. Davis, Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 A. M. Prayer meeting at 7:15 P. M.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. E. B. Davis, Pastor. Sunday services at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7:15 P. M.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET

(Corrected semi weekly by the Grocers Association.)

Produce Market.

WEDNESDAY, July 29.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

All sales of Timothy Hay shall weigh 60 pounds to a bushel. All sales of Clover Hay shall weigh 50 pounds to a bushel.

The standard weight of a barrel of potatoes in good order and fit for shipping is 165 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order and fit for shipping is 60 pounds. Of wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds; of carrots, turnips, rye and Indian meal, 56 pounds; of barley, 48 pounds; of oats, 30 pounds, or over measure by agreement.

Country Produce.

APPLES—
Per barrel $3.00 to 3.50

BEANS—
Improved Pea Eye per bush $1.40 to 1.45
Pea and Marrow per bush 1.00 to 1.05

BUTTER—
Choice new roll per lb 17 to 18 cents
Good do 15 to 16 do
Fair to good do 14 to 15 do

CHEESE—
Best Factory, per lb 9 to 9½ cents
Best Dairy do 9 to 9½ do

DRIED APPLE—
Choice stringed per lb 4½ cents
Choice sliced do 5 to 6 do

EGGS—
Fresh laid per dozen 23 to 24 cents

HAY—
Best loose, per ton $16.00 to $18.00
Best baled do 17.00 to 18.00

OATS—
Prime country, new, per bush 42 to 45 cents
Prime Western, per bush 48 to 50 do

PEARS—
Improved per bush $2.00
Best Canada whole per bush, $1.15 to $1.25

POTATOES—
Best Quality, per bushel 50 to 55

PORK—
Round Hog per lb 5 to 5½ cents

POULTRY—
Chicken, per lb, 28 to 30 cents
Fowls, 16 to 18 cents
Turkeys, per lb, 17 to 20 do

ONIONS—Per crate 3.50

Retail Prices Current.

SALT—
Bangor, ground in boxes, per box, 30 cents.
English butter salt, in 14 lb bags, per bag, 30 cts
English butter salt, in 56 lb. bags, per bag, 75 cts
Liverpool, per bushel, 35 cents
Turks Island, per bushel 35 cents.

HERRING—
English, scaled, in boxes per box, 25 cents

RAISINS—
Loose Muscatels, per lb, 18 to 22 cents
London Layers, do 20 to 25 do
Sultanas, do 15 to 20 do
Valencia do 10 to 13 do

CURRANTS—English, per lb, 10 to 12 cents

CRANBERRIES—Per quart, 10 cents.

POPCORN—
Best old crop per lb, 10 cents.
Best old shelled, per qt., 20 cents

KEROSENE OIL—
150 test, per gallon, 15 cents
180 do do 20 do

VINEGAR—
Pure cider per gallon, 30 to 35 cents
Pure W. W. do 30 cents.

FLOUR—
Best Spring Wheats, $7.25 to $7.50.
Best St. Louis, 6.25 to 6.50.
Good Family, 5.50 to 6.00

CORN—
Full weight 45 to 55 cents

CORN MEAL—
50 lbs to bush 55 to 60 cents

SHORTS—
St. Lawrence in sacks $1.10 to $1.15 per hundred
Milwaukee, 1.00 to 1.10 per hundred.

MIDDLINGS—
Fine, $1.25 to $1.40 per hundred.
Coarse, 1.20 to $1.30 per hundred

COTTON SEED MEAL—
In sacks of 100 lbs., $1.40.

Broadstuffs, Grain, Etc

OATMEAL—

Best Scotch, per lb	6	6½
Best Irish	6	6½
Best Canada	6	6½
Rye Meal	6	6½
Graham Flour	6	6½
Buckwheat Flour	6	6½

POTATOES—

Country clear	5	5½
Western clear	5	5½

LARD—

Bulk from tierces	5	5½
In tubs pails	6	6½

SUGAR—

Granulated	5	5½
Extra C	4½	5

Business Items

Rheumatism is one of those stubborn things and sufferers from chills and fever generally find their complaint a very stubborn fact, until they commence the use of Ayer's Ague Cure. That medicine eradicates the poisonous poison from the system and invariably cures even the worst cases. jly 10 TSTuSw

SERVOUS DEBILITY MEN—You are allowed a free trial of thirty days of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, Loss of Vitality and Manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet with full information, terms, etc., mailed free. No. 1 dressing Voltaic Belt Co. Marshall, Mich. dec16 eod&w1y

ADVICE TO MOTHERS—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States and has been used forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25c. a bottle. sep15 1y MW&SNew

Life Lost in a Moment—Thousands are lost every year by the fatal practice of throwing physic into the stomach, thereby driving the disease from the outward parts into the vitals. Nature should be assisted, not drugged. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the only safe and sure remedy. It will not cure everything, but it will cure the worst cough in less time than any other medicine. Try it. Price 25 cents. nov21 TuSSw

No person should suffer from the bites of mosquitoes, black flies, or other insects, when the use of Dr. Graves' Insect Powder will prevent it. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents. Address Dr. Graves' Insect Powder Co., Cambridge, Mass. 81 Orange St. jly21 WFM&W

Hands and Dandruff—Ladies and others who desire to take internally or apply externally, the well known Cuticura Resolvent, Cuticura and Cuticura Medicated Soap, for the prevention of Scaly Skin, Dandruff, Humors, Pimples, Blotches, Blackheads, Redness, Roughness, Dryness, Soreness

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PRORRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier."

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1885.

Private Secretary Lamont is reported as saying that the Augusta post office matter will doubtless remain unsettled until autumn.

Ex-Gov. Begole, of Michigan, declares that the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee sold him out in the last campaign and he is now thirsting for vengeance.

It is estimated that more than 50,000 words, mostly official business, are now being telegraphed daily from Mt. McGregor. There are about 50 reporters on the mountain.

Secretary Whitney is so busy with his scheme to ruin the American ship building that it is said he neglected to order the flags at the navy yards at half mast on the occasion of General Grant's death.

Representative Holman, of Indiana, generally known as the "great objector" is said to be making all of his recommendations to office subservient to his canvass for the next United States Senatorship from that State

Notwithstanding the "clean sweep" that that has been going on in Virginia, the Bourbon appetite is not satisfied and a call for three cheers for President Cleveland in the Democratic Convention elicited no response whatever

Referring to the clamor of the Mugwump organs for the removal of Postmaster Jones, of Indianapolis, the New York *World* significantly remarks, "the voice of the Mugwump watch has for many months demanded Higgins' head, but Higgins still lives."

An exchange suggests that with the Secretary of the Navy declaring that John Roach has not filled his contracts with the Government, and the Attorney General declaring that he never had a contract the American people have reached the conclusion that this Administration is getting decidedly mixed in its attempt to ruin Mr. Roach and are now waiting to hear from the courts.

The inconsistency of the Mugwump organs is shown in their treatment of the Indianapolis post office matter. They heartily indorse President Cleveland, but denounce Postmaster Jones for his violation of civil service rules, and yet the only difference between Jones and the Administration is that the former is making room for Democrats without any concealment, while the latter resorts to all kinds of hypocrisy and cant

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Post* says that harmony will ensure Democratic success in Ohio, and as a means to this end it "is understood that overtures have been made to the Thurman faction pledging the election of that gentleman to the Senate if the Democrats shall succeed in carrying the Legislature. The Thurmanites are said to look with favor upon the proposition, and the probabilities are that such an agreement will shortly be reached." We have serious doubts about such an arrangement promoting harmony, as it alone a deadly blow at Gov. Hoadly's Senatorial aspirations.

The Brooklyn *Eagle* expresses the opinion that "David B. Hill, *Democrat*, is making as good a Governor as Grover Cleveland." The italics, says the *Tribune*, are ours. How does it happen, seeing that Cleveland and Hill were elected on the same ticket and are popularly supposed to belong to the same party, that the *Eagle* confines its designation of "Democrat" to Hill? Does it do so in order to call attention to the fact that it no longer regards Mr. Cleveland as a Democrat? And pray, if the President is not a Democrat, what is he? Perhaps if pressed for an answer the *Eagle* would explain that Hill believed in Democracy for Democrats only, while Cleveland believed in Mugwumpery with incidental protection for Democrats

One of the speakers in the Virginia Democratic Convention described the negroes as "cohorts from the banks of the Congo" and "negro barbarians." He declared that "this is a white man's country and that the conflict, between the whites and blacks in the South is irrepressible." Another speaker said that he has two sons whom he loves better than life, and that there is a heavy black majority south of the James river, and feels willing to devote their lives as well as his own to the task of overcoming that majority and establishing and maintaining a white man's Government. The speech was very violent and was received with uproarious applause. These speeches undoubtedly voice the prevailing sentiment in the South and yet the Cleveland organs assert that the Democrats are friendly to the negro.

A Portland despatch denies the statement that Hon. Bion Bradbury has withdrawn from the Collectorship contest and says he is as much a candidate now as he was last March. The same dispatch says, "In his contest against General Anderson he [Mr. Cleaves] is understood to have filed voluminous extracts from that gentleman's speeches during the Rebellion and the Greenback movement that swept over this State a few years ago, the intent being to prove General Anderson disloyal during the war and a soft-money man during the Greenback movement. Whatever may be the result of the contest it is doubtful if the relationship between Anderson and Cleaves can ever again be rendered harmonious, and the party will suffer thereby during the next campaign."

The difference in character between the late rebels recognized in appointment to office by Republican and Democratic administrations, says the Philadelphia *Press*, is noteworthy in the discussion which has been forced upon the public. The beneficiaries under a Republican Administration are such as promptly and candidly accepted the results of the war and declared their intention of again becoming loyal citizens. Those rewarded by Democrats are prominent as refusing to accept the privileges generously tendered by a forgiving Government and who have since emphasized their disloyalty by reiteration and publication of grossly offensive sentiments. The rebellion is past, and those engaged in it are forgiven, but the time has not yet arrived when those with unwashed hands and foul utterance emanating from their mouths may, without protest, act as hosts and dispensers of bounty at the Union table. The bloody chasm is closed, but a rebel reign was not understood to be established in its place.

It appears that the orders for the removal of the cattlemen from the Indian Territory, for which so much praise has been claimed for the Administration by the Cleveland organs, was practically the work of General Sheridan.

A Washington despatch says: Senator Voorhees has left for Indianapolis to take a hand in the post office fight and to defend Jones. The Hoosier Democrats count an issue on this point and rather hope that the President will remove Jones, for then the Democracy will crystallize around Hendricks. The President appears to be in a bad box. If he allows Jones to remain, he brings down upon his head the entire Mugwumpian press of the country, and if he removes him he loses the support of the Indiana Democracy. The fight will probably not stop in Indiana, but will be transferred to Congress next Winter, when all the disaffected elements of the Democratic party will naturally gravitate towards Hendricks as the embodiment of the spoils theory, and there will be an open war between the two highest officers of the Government during the balance of the present Presidential term. The next session of Congress promises to be very lively in more ways than one

An appointment was made in the Treasury, Thursday, which is a flagrant violation of the letter and spirit of the civil service law, says the Washington correspondent of the Boston *Journal*. George W. Albright, of Albany, N. Y., occupied the desk of George W. Rose, Assistant Chief of the Appointment Division, and is said to have authorized the statement published here that he had been appointed to that position, "vice Rose, reduced." The position of Assistant Chief of Division being conceded to be within the civil service classification and subject to the civil service law, the statement created a sensation, as it was known that Mr. Albright had not passed a civil service examination. It was learned that Albright was on Thursday appointed to the position of a skilled laborer, beneath the civil service grades, in another bureau, and immediately transferred to the Appointment Division and assigned to clerical duty. Appointment Clerk Higgins is quoted as saying that Albright has not been appointed Assistant Chief of the Division, as that would be in violation of law, but that as he is now in the service he can apply for non-competitive examination for any position to which Secretary Manning chooses to promote him. He further explained that Albright's duties for the present will be as Mr. Rose's assistant. The statements are conflicting, as Mr. Albright unquestionably believes that he has virtually secured an appointment as Assistant Chief of Division at $2,000 per year without compliance with the requirements of the civil service law. The appointment violates two laws—the civil service law and the law which forbids the employment of a clerk for one duty who is appointed for another

Old-Fashioned Notions.

We expected a "protest" from the editor of the Whig against the selection of two ex-Confederate Generals to act as pall bearers at the funeral of General Grant. Does not this plainly show that the Confederacy is again "in the saddle?"—*Commercial.*

Well, we should have preferred to avoid discussion of arrangements made for the funeral, or at least to defer it until the remains of the dead hero are laid at rest, but the above evident sarcasm from a source always in sympathy with General Grant's foes, during the war and since, inclines us to remark that there are thoughtful people to whom it *may* seem strangely suggestive that the men who did most to destroy the Government are on such an occasion given posts of equal honor with the greatest of this loyal chiefs who aided General Grant in preserving it. And there may possibly be some "old fogies" or "sentimentalists"—perhaps the gray-haired father of some gallant boy who was tortured to death at Andersonville; or the widow of some one of Maine's devoted patriots who fell at Vicksburg, shot to death by Buckner's rebel bullets, or was torn to pieces at Kenesaw Mountain by Johnston's traitorous artillery; or some one armed or one-legged veteran who is dragging a scattered body through a hard struggle for daily bread as his part of the price paid for conquering a wanton and bloody rebellion—there may be some of such old-fashioned people to whom it will seem just a trifle disparaging to the principle involved in the great struggle that cost so many lives, for the officers educated by the Nation who broke their oaths and turned against its life the swords their country had taught them how to wield, to be held entitled to equal public honor and distinction with Sherman, Sheridan and Logan, beside the bier of the great leader of the Armies of the Union. But then such old-fashioned notions are said to be entirely behind the times.

B. B. S.

[New York Tribune.]

Within the past few weeks President Cleveland has made a great number of appointments. Out of them all, one appears to be distinctly commendable, at least in this respect, that it is in opposition to the New Orleans Democratic Ring. Hence the journals particularly devoted to his cause take pains to make extended notice of the appointment of Flower as Sub-Treasurer at New Orleans, and delight in it as evidence of the President's reformatory tendencies, but are meanwhile careful to overlook the fact that the gentleman appointed, like a great many others who have been selected by Mr. Cleveland, is entirely destitute of experience, or so far as the public knows of special qualifications for the office in question, while nearly all the Republicans who have been removed are men peculiarly qualified by experience and training to discharge their duties efficiently.

One case is selected for conspicuous commendation. The rest are passed in careful silence. Can anybody say why? Among the hundreds of appointments that have been made within the past few days, was there not another that would bear especial mention? Or was it thought particular wise not to take notice of much the greater proportion of the appointments? Was there a consciousness on the part of Mr. Cleveland's most zealous friends that in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred he had been appointing person not known to have any merit or fitness, in place of persons known to be competent and worthy?

If the zealous and patriotic reformer finds it worth while to mention the appointment of Flower, and to hail it with hearty commendation, why is he so careful not to mention this man Thomas, of Baltimore, eminent B. B. S.? This title, not widely known hitherto in political life, will come into common use, it is evident, before the work of this Administration has been completed. Of course, persons acquainted with Democratic methods know that it means Ballot Box Stuffer. Higgins was the head of that order of reformers, but Thomas, according to the latest accounts from Baltimore, was not far behind the eminent Higgins as a B. B. S. Will some eminent and zealous Mugwump be kind enough to tell us why there is not a chorus of enthusiasm over this most wise and reformatory selection?

Yesterday's list included the names of some hundreds of postmasters suspended with no explanation or reason. Presumably these are the men who are turned out because they are guilty of being Republicans. In place of them some hundreds of Democrats have been selected, and he who examines the list discovers that, wherever he has personal acquaintance or definite knowledge regarding the new appointees, the controlling idea of the Administration seems to have been to select the most offensive partisan who could be found in the Democratic ranks. The practice of the Administration is to cry aloud, day by day, "We must have a non-partisan civil service," and then to make it as thoroughly partisan as possible by appointments. And this is Civil Service Reform!

An Honest Word for John Roach.

[Augusta, Ga., Chronicle (Dem.)]

John Roach went his way to eminence as a shipbuilder by force of character and indomitable pluck. Fate and politics are now against him, but he should not in his old age be malignantly slandered. His downfall may be a necessary adjunct of Republican defeat, but he should not be struck foul blows, the more so as he retires like an honest man, paying all of his debts.

Senator Mahone's Circular.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS TO THE REPUBLICAN POSTMASTERS IN VIRGINIA

Senator Mahone has taken steps to ascertain the reasons for which removals of Republican postmasters have been ordered in Virginia, with a view to presenting the facts to the Senate next winter when the names of the new appointees will come up for confirmation. He has addressed the following circular letter to the postmasters in his State

PETERSBURG, VA., July 1, 1885.

DEAR SIR. You were postmaster at ——. If already, or when removed, as I take it you were, or will be, without cause, please answer on the back of this note the following:

First—Had there been any complaint by the Post Office Department, or by any of its officials, of the conduct in administration of the office? If so, what, and when made?

Second—Were you advised by the Department that charges had been preferred against you, and that your removal had been demanded? and were you given information of the charges, by copy or otherwise, and invited to answer same, if any you could make?

Third—Were you in any particular delinquent in your proper returns to the Department? Were you in arrears on any account?

Fourth—What complaints, if any, do you know to have been made to the Department of your official conduct by the patrons of the office? and, if any, what answer do you make to such?

Fifth—Were any petitions sent to the Department asking your retention in office or protesting against your removal, and, if so, by whom, and the politics of the party subscribing the same?

Sixth—Did you politely ask the Department or what grounds or charges you had been removed? and, if so, when did you ask? and the reply made to you?

Seventh—How long had you held the office previous to your removal?

What is the name of the person appointed to succeed you? what his politics? what his business? what his character as a person? what of his previous political conduct? and what his political conduct now?

Let your answers be full, but state facts only.

Special Notices.

It Is a Fact!

—THAT—

BELL'S SARSAPARILLA,

Is the most popular Blood and Liver Medicine sold in New England

IT IS ALSO A FACT

that while worthless preparations, supported by a process known as "big advertising," are dropping right and left, the sale of Bell's Sarsaparilla is increasing constantly.

Remember This Fact,

that more bottles are sold by our Bangor Druggists, *than all other kinds put together!*

Only 50 Cents per Bottle.

By all Druggists and Dealers

At wholesale by E. SWEET & BRO., Bangor, or the Proprietor, A. M. ROBINSON, Jr., Apothecary, Bangor, Me. Also by COOK, EVERETT & PENNELL and J. W. PERKINS & CO., Portland, CUTLER BROS. & CO., and GILMAN BROS., Boston.

aug1 sn

DR. WALTON

will be at his office every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 1 to 4 P. M., until further notice

aug1 sn

Relentless Fate.

"A man thoroughly in earnest may win success in whatever he undertakes—may never touch a hopeless project without transforming it into a prosperous one—and do this twice, thrice, ten times, fifty times—and at the fifty-first time, he has never succeeded, find himself foiled, beaten, ruined—happy if he escape with life—happier still if with reason. But a Life Insurance policy is the immediate realization of all the years of ceaseless toil that are needed to create an estate of equal value."

Life is uncertain, therefore insure with

H. N. FAIRBANKS,

General Agent for the *Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.*,

21 MAIN STREET, - - BANGOR, ME.

aug1 sn 1w

ACCOUNTS AND CLAIMS.

The Committee on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, on the MONDAY next preceding the First Tuesday of each month, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of auditing bills against the city. Bills must be left with the City Clerk or the Committee, on or before that date. Bills must be approved by the Committee on and officer of the Department under which the same was contracted before being presented.

HORACE W. CHASE, Chairman Com pro tem

jy28 1w sn

City of Lincoln,

NEBRASKA,

5 1-2 Per Cent. Refunding Bonds

DUE 1905,

COUPONS JANUARY AND JULY IN NEW YORK,

FOR SALE BY

F. H. C. REYNOLDS & CO

July18 eod

SPECIAL NOTICE.

This is to certify that we have this day appointed Mr. L. J. Wheelden of Bangor, Sole Agent for the sale of our Pianos in Bangor and vicinity.

CHICKERING & SONS

Boston, July 7th, 1885.

NEW STOCK.

Just received and will be sold at lower prices than ever before offered.

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

1 7-8 Oct. Upright Chickering Piano, only $175

1 7-8 Oct. Upright Piano, new, only $[illegible]

Fully Warranted.

L. J. WHEELDEN.

July3 sn dew

CARPETINGS, ROOM PAPERS,

—AND—

WINDOW SHADES.

The LARGEST STOCK and LOWEST PRICES in Eastern Maine. Special bargains in all departments this month previous to arrival of new Fall goods.

A. H. ROBERTS & SONS.

July31 sn 3w

FOR RENT.

Two cottages at Fort Point, pleasantly located and in good repair. For particulars communicate with F. F. Staples, Stockton, Me.

may29 (Com copy) sn tf

Maine Central Railroad.

TICKETS

To all Points in the West,

are sold at the

WAR RATES.

For choice of routes, baggage checked through and further information, call on

A. W. BENSON,

TICKET AGENT,

Maine Central Depot.

July11 sn

PATRONIZE

Home Industries.

Some people think anything they get from away, is superior to the home production, but there is a mistaken notion, at least as far as pictures are concerned, therefore I see no plausible excuse for sending pictures away to be copied, when they can be done better and cheaper, (nine times out of ten) at home. I will match my work and prices against any copying house in the country, and leave the public to abide the result.

WESTON,

The Photographer.

June30

INVEST

Savings and Trust Funds in the Best Securities only—such as are for sale at lowest current rates by

BOWLER & MERRILL,

BANKERS.

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

apr8 sn

PERSONS

GOING OUT OF TOWN

Can Have

The WHIG Sent to Them

1 Week for 16 Cents.
2 Weeks for 32 Cents.
3 Weeks for 48 Cents.
4 Weeks for 64 Cents.

Postage paid

STOCKS!

Orders to buy, carry or sell Stocks and Bonds in Boston and New York markets, promptly executed. Particulars on application

BOWLER & MERRILL,

BANKERS,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor

jy10 sn

PIANOS!

BIG BARGAINS

I Henry F. Miller

Piano, as good as new, at a great bargain. All who are thinking of buying a MILLER PIANO, call and see this before purchasing. Large lot of nice pianos for rent or for sale cheap.

GEO. S. SILSBY,

Union Block, Main Street, Bangor.

July7 6m d&w

Opening at "The Bluffs,"

AUGUST 1, 1885.

Round Trip Fares, including Ticket for Dinner at the Bluffs:

From Bangor,	$2 00
" Ellsworth or Bar Harbor	1 50

Tickets good to go and return on any train or steamer Aug. 1 and 2, and to return Aug. 3.

Trains leave Bangor	Arrive at "The Bluffs"	Leave "The Bluffs"	Arrive at Bangor
A. M. 8 00	A. M. 7 45	A. M. 8 55	A. M. 7 55
" 8 15	" 11 00	" 11 35	P. M. 1 05
P. M. 2 00	P. M. 1 55	P. M. 2 30	P. M. 1 30
" 5 45	" 9 40	" 9 30	" 7 30

SPECIAL TRAIN.

P. M. 3 00	P. M. 4 30	P. M. 11 00	A. M. 1 30

A special steamer will leave "The Bluffs" at 11 P. M. on Saturday, for Bar Harbor, touching at Hancock Point.

Sunday, August 2, 1885.

Train leaves Bangor at 5 50 A. M., arriving at "The Bluffs" at 7 45 A. M.

Returning, leaves "The Bluffs" at 5 30 P. M., arriving at Bangor at 7 30 P. M.

A special steamer will leave Bar Harbor at 7 A. M. for "The Bluffs."

Table d'Hote served from 4 to 9 P. M.

For particulars address,

FRED JOHNSON & CO., Proprietors, Bangor.

Persons desiring board can now engage rooms. Rates from $10 to $20 per week. Special rates to families. Address,

FRED JOHNSON & CO.,

"The Bluffs," Mt. Desert Ferry

July22 sn

FOR BOSTON.

OCEAN EXCURSIONS

By Daylight.

One of the First-Class Steamers of the

Portland Steam Packet Company

Will leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, for Boston, daily, at 8 o'clock A. M., (Sundays excepted.) The trip is about 6 hours long and affords a fine view of Portland Harbor, Cape Elizabeth, Old Orchard, Boon Island, the Isles of Shoals, Thatcher Island off Cape Ann, Swampscott, Nahant, Long Island and Boston Lights, Boston Harbor, &c., making one of the Finest Ocean Trips on the Eastern coast. Fare between Portland and Boston, $1.00. Returning, leave Boston at 5 o'clock A. M.

NIGHT LINE—The steamers of the Night Line will make their usual trips, leaving Portland at 8 o'clock P. M., and Boston at 7 o'clock P. M., every evening (Sundays excepted). Through tickets for sale at Maine Central R. R. Ticket Offices.

J. F. LIBCOMB, Jr., General Agent, Portland, Me.

jy28 tf

For Sale or For Rent.

House No. 12 Fourth Street. Inquire on premises or at Office No. 14 Main Street, between 5 and 6 o'clock, P. M.

July23 sn 2w

PATENTS,

TRADEMARKS,

LABELS and DESIGNS,

—PROCURED BY—

J. R. MASON,

Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor of Patents,

9 Wheelwright & Clark's Block, - - Bangor, Me.

oct24 sn

DIED.

In this city, July 30th, Thomas O'Leary, aged 18 years, 6 months and 29 days

Funeral this forenoon at 9 o'clock, from St. John's Catholic church, York street

In this city, July 31st, Prince W. Gorham, aged 80 years and 2 days.

Funeral Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his son E. S. Gorham, First street. Friends are invited. Burial private.

In this city, July 31st, John Gallagher, aged 61 years.

Funeral Sunday at 8 A. M., from St. John's Catholic church. Friends invited

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

FRIDAY, July 31

ARRIVED

Steamer Cambridge, Ingraham, Boston
Steamer Chisolta, Belcher, Bar Harbor
Sch Joseph Oakes, Gray, Portsmouth
Sch Mary Means, Hardy
Sch Flora A Sawyer, Wellfleet
Sch Savannah, Atwood, Boston
Sch Henry, Wood, Boston
Sch Balloon, Spinney, Boston
Sch Fred Smith, Brown, Portland
Sch Enoch Trapnard, Hallidays, Mt Desert
Sch R H Colson, Staples, Rockport
Sch Mattie Holmes, Jordan, Belfast

CLEARED

Steamer Katahdin, Homer, Boston
Bark Addie A Co, Hoy, Hall Factory, Palermo, Sicily, J S Stewart & Co.
Sch Sylvanus G Haskell, Baltimore, J S Stewart & Co
Sch Annie Lord, Kendall, New York, J S Stewart & Co
Sch Paul Seavey, Fletcher, Philadelphia, D Sargent & Son
Sch Minnehaha, Byron, Philadelphia, L A F H Strickland
Sch Fannie Butler, Rubesoll, New York, F W Ayer & Co
Sch Python, Haines, Newport, John E Cutler
Sch Lizzie G Rich, Rich, Providence, Thos Woodward
Sloop New Era, Warren, Boston, L A F F Wolster

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The Lighthouse Board has issued the following notice to mariners: The Keeper of Nantucket Loop has been relieved, whereby the wreck of the Steamer Nantucket, South Channel, lower bay of New York, and the buoy has been taken up.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK—Ar July 29th, sch Zerlia, Hinkley, Perth Amboy for Boston. Passed through Hell Gate: sch Lucy M Collins, Hartigan, Bangor for New York; s s Kendall, Haskell, Bangor via New Haven; barge L Mills, Armstrong, New York for Bangor. Sunk Grey, Randall, Edinburgport for New York port.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar July 29th, sch L S Dexter, Hammond, Bangor.

NEW HAVEN—Ar July 29th, sch Ida Lewis, Lowell, New York for Bangor.

HYANNIS, Mass—Sailed July 28th, sch Jennie Tenney, Gray, Bangor.

ECZEMA

And Every Specie of Itching and Burning Diseases Cured by Cuticura.

Eczema, or Salt Rheum, with its agonizing itching and burning, instantly relieved by a warm bath with Cuticura Soap, and a single application of Cuticura, the great Skin Cure. This repose, and, with but one three-dollar bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, the New Blood Purifier, to keep the blood cool, the perspiration pure and unirritating, the bowels open, the liver and kidneys active, will speedily cure Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Lichen Pruritus, Scaldhead, Dandruff, and every species of Itching, Scaly and Pimply Humours of the Scalp and Skin, when the best physicians and all known remedies fail.

WM. McDONALD, 2542 Dearborn St., Chicago, gratefully acknowledges a cure of Eczema or Salt Rheum on head, neck, face, arms, and legs for seventeen years, not able to walk except on hands and knees for one year, not able to help himself for eight years, tried hundreds of remedies, doctors pronounced his case hopeless; permanently cured by Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally.

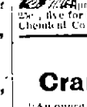
CHAS. HOUGHTON, Esq., lawyer, 12 State St., Boston, reports a case of Eczema under his observation for ten years, which covered the patient's body and limbs, and to which all known methods of treatment had been applied without benefit, which was completely cured solely by the Cuticura Remedies, leaving a clean and healthy skin.

MR. JOHN TEITS, Wilkesbarre, Pa., writes—I have suffered from Salt Rheum for over eight years, at times so bad that I could not attend to my business for weeks at a time. Three boxes of Cuticura, and four bottles of Resolvent have entirely cured me of this dreadful disease.

Sold by all druggists. Price: Cuticura, 50 cts.; Resolvent, $1.00; Soap, 25 cts. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

BEAUTIFY the Complexion and Skin by using the Cuticura Soap.

"TIRED AND ACHING MUSCLES,



crying through countless nerves for rest and relief."

Like manna to the children of Israel is the Cuticura Plaster to the tired, overworked, aching muscle. Do not drag yourself the weary afternoon, but apply the new, original and speedy antidote to pain and inflammation. At druggists, 25c.; five for $1.00. Mailed free. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston

Cholera Cramps & Chills.

"An ounce of prevention," that is, a dose of Sanford's Ginger, "is worth a pound of cure," which, of course, means the doctor. It is absolutely certain that Cholera may be prevented, and, in the majority of cases, successfully treated, with Sanford's Ginger, a powerful stimulant, composed of imported Ginger, choice Aromatics, and the best French Brandy, reliable, convenient, speedy, and safe. Sure to check summer complaint, prevent indigestion, destroy disease germs in water drunk, restore the circulation when suspended by a chill, and ward off malarial, contagious, and epidemic influences. Ask for

SANFORD'S GINGER.

Cramps, Pains, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery, whether produced by unripe fruit, impure water, unwholesome food, or change of climate, food or water, or any little ills of home or travel, such as Colds, Chills, Simple Fevers, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sea sickness, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Loss of Sleep, Debility and Dissipation, are instantly relieved by Sanford's Ginger, the safest, surest, and best summer medicine and travelling companion.

As a healthful summer drink with water, milk, iced water, lemonade, effervescent draughts, and mineral waters, it is the best

Beware of worthless imitations, said to be "as good," or "the same," or "the finger," or "cheaper" than Sanford's Ginger. Ask for

SANFORD'S GINGER.

Sold by Dealers Everywhere.

aug1 SWeodim

VAMPIRE BLACK,

A Superior Waterproof Oil Dressing for Harnesses and Leather Generally.

Manufactured Solely by Canton Paint and Oil Co.

HENRY McLAUCHLIN,

General Agent for Maine,

FRONT ST., BANGOR.

aug1 sn

CHAS. S. PEARL,

Real Estate Broker, Insurance Agent,

AND

AUCTIONEER.

Office—No. 8 Kenduskeag Block.

MARRIAGE, Visiting and Business Cards printed in latest styles of type, at Whig and Courier Job Office.

S. A. ELLIS.

tf

Entertainments.

NOROMBECA HALL.

ONE WEEK. COMMENCING TUESDAY, JULY 28th.

Peoples' Theatre.

A. W. PURDELL, - - Manager

Change of Program

NIGHTLY.

See Small Bills.

PEOPLES' PRICES. 10, 20 and 30 Cents.

July23 (Com copy)

Excursions.

EXCURSION

—AND—

PICNIC,

Wednesday, Aug. 5.

On this date the members of St. Mary's Parish, Bangor, will make their annual excursion to the romantic

PHILLIPS' POND,

On the Mount Desert Branch of the Maine Central Railroad. Here they will be joined by a large party from Ellsworth, and a pleasant PICNIC will be enjoyed—enhanced by dancing, boating, fishing and various sports and amusements. Refreshments will be sold on the grounds and every convenience provided for an enjoyable day. Excursion rates will be given from Orono, Old Town and Milford, to accommodate up river friends, who are cordially invited.

Trains will leave M. C. R. R. station at 8 A. M., and 2 P. M., standard time. Excursionists from Ellsworth will come on regular trains, leaving Ellsworth at 7:30 A. M., and 1 P. M.

aug1 6t

Wanted.

WANTED.

A partner, with cash capital of two hundred dollars, to join me in the Show Business. Company all engaged, route all made out for the next five months. *All new printing.* A good chance for an energetic, sober, reliable man, that can not be surpassed in this ticket agent. Previous experience not necessary. Good reference given or required. Address, JAMES H. ROCHE, Manager, Penobscot Island, Portland, Me.

jy31 3w*

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED.

Between 25 and 40 years of age. Smart and kind. Address P. O. Box 801, Ellsworth, Maine.

jy31 1w*

Help Wanted.

For Bar Harbor and other resorts. Aug. 1st, 20 good, active table girls, 10 for chamber, kitchen, pantry, and 6 cooks and assistant cooks. Chambermaids, trimmers, waiters and pullsboys, and 20 bright, smart boys. These positions are for the best hotels in Maine, and the highest wages will be paid. Apply immediately at

CHURCH'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,

7 Main Street.

jy30 tf wlt

Wanted.

Situation by a Drug Clerk of experience. Best of testimonials and references given and required. Address, R. A. FARNHAM, St. Albans, Me.

July 31 3t*

LOST.

Wednesday afternoon, a pocket book, containing $21. Finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office

jy30 tf

LOST.

Between Hammond Street Church and Central Junction French Street, a blue Satchel. Please leave at this office

July30

Miss Howard's New Book,

AULNAY TOWER,

—RECEIVED BY—

D. BUGBEE & CO.

July30 d&w

FOUR GOOD CIGARS

—AND A—

SILVER PLATED NAPKIN RING

—FOR—

25 Cents,

—AT—

TEA WHITE'S.

July25 d&w

Dr. G. E. Hathorne,

Has returned to town and will be in his office at No. 3, East Side Kenduskeag Bridge.

Monday, July 27th, where appointments for dental operations can be made

Bangor, July 25th, 1885

July28

WATERMELONS,

Garden Raspberries and Currants, at,

CHAS. YORK & CO.'S.

July29

Cultivated Raspberries,

—AND—

Sweet Potatoes,

—AT—

SNOW & AVERILL'S.

July30

MURRY'S

(formerly the PERCH HOUSE)

Will be open to the public after June 1st. This for formal opening will not, however, take place until July 1st, when the fishing season will begin

J. FIELDS MURRY.

June2 tf

FOR RENT.

A corner room, 3 windows, newly fitted up. Very pleasant for a barber shop or office, up one flight stairs. Enquire of S. H. FIFIELD.

jy31 3t*

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, July Term, A. D. 1885.

Upon the petition of the First Congregational Church of Hampden, in said County of Penobscot, to have the Malmo Missionary Society appointed Trustee of certain estate, left said church in trust, under the will of Benjamin Crosby, late of said Hampden, deceased.

Ordered, That said petitioners give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, citing them to appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in August next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JAMES H. BURGESS, Judge.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

A true copy of the original.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

aug1 3w

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, July Term, A. D. 1885.

Upon the resignation of James H. Sewall, Trustee of certain estate left the First Congregational Church of Hampden, in said County, under the will of Benjamin Crosby, late of said Hampden, deceased.

Ordered, That public notice be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, citing them to appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in August next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why said resignation should not be accepted.

JAMES H. BURGESS, Judge.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

A true copy of the original.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

aug1 3w

THE BALANCE OF OUR

SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.,

—TO BE—

CLOSED OUT REGARDLESS OF COST!

The grand opportunity to get a BOYS' SUIT for HALF PRICE. 1000 SUITS. HATS left that will be sold cheap

Summer Underwear and Hosiery,

GLOVES AND TIES.

All to be sold to make room for new Fall Stock.

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.

CORNER STATE AND EXCHANGE STS.

July31 d&w

"Shoot Your Old Straw Hat"

And buy a new one of us. We have shot high prices and are closing out the few we have left at less than cost.

Boys' Straw Hats	5 cents	each;	former price	10 to 15	cents
Boys' extra Straw Hats	20 cents	each;	former price	50	cents
Men's " "	"	25	" "	" 50	"
" " "	"	50	" "	" $1 00	"
" Manilla "	"	$1.50	" "	" 2 50	"

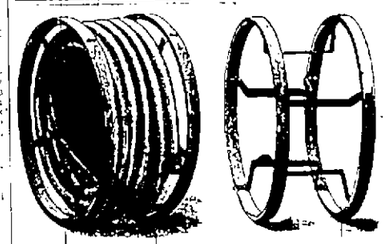
—A Large Stock of—

Men, Boys', and Children's Felt Hats For Sale Very Low.

TEA WHITE.

Store Formerly Occupied by F. A. Curtis.

July31



HOSE REELS.

BEST AND CHEAPEST

CETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO., 29 Central Street.

June11

HATS AND TRIMMINGS.

We still have an immense stock. They must be sold at some price. Save a dollar to two, at

19 Main St., Bangor, Me., - - C. W. COFFIN.

July15

CARBONIZED STONE SEWER PIPE.

JOHN LITTLEFIELD & CO., MANUFACTURERS.

Office, - No. 1 Exchange Block.

BANGOR, MAINE.

Superior to all other sewer pipe in uniformity of size and smooth bore. Not liable to crack or collapse. Fully tested and the pipe is established as reliable in every respect.

Fully Warranted by the Manufacturers. For Sale in Bangor by

CETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO., No. 29 Central Street, LEIGHTON, DAVENPORT & Co., Corner Exchange and York Sts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION INQUIRE OF MANUFACTURERS, JOHN LITTLEFIELD, THOS. W. BALDWIN

apr27

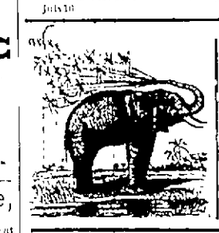
KNITTING SILK.

Belding Bros. & Co.'s Celebrated Pure Thread Silk, will make fine stockings wear smooth and glossy, while silk made from ordinary spun silk will wear dull. Be sure and buy Belding's Knitting Silk. It will please and satisfy you.

19 Main Street, - C. W. COFFIN,

Dealer in Millinery and Agent for Butterick's Patterns

July16



JUMBOLENE.

(Trade Mark Registered.)

A balm for the prevention of Chapped Hands, Chapped Lips, Sunburn, Chapped Hands and Lips, Mosquito bites, when used as a Bland and Soothing Lotion for Sprains, Rheumatism and Neuralgia. It is colorless and odorless, and will not soil the linen. Sent on receipt of stamps and address.

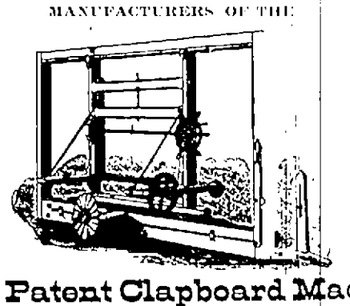
Price, 50c. per Bottle.

THOS. JENNESS & SON, 12 W. M. St., Bangor, Me.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Sporting Goods.

HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS OF THE



Davis Patent Clapboard Machine.

The Davis Patent does away with Turning Works or Supper, and gives three sets of collars and sapping knives on the saw arbor, and saps the time it is sawing. The arbor extends across the Machine, and the saw frame, which prevents the saw-dust from clogging the gearing of saws, you simply take the nut off end of arbor, and remove collars without disturbing arbor.

The saw runs 2300 revolutions per minute, and the Machine will turn out a pair day; an average of 500 per day over the old style machine.

BANGOR, - - - - MAINE.

Fort Point House.

It having come to the notice of the present proprietor that Bangor patronage was not desired by former seasons, he wishes to inform the people of Bangor that their patronage is desired and that they will receive a cordial wel

Whig and Courier.

SATURDAY AUGUST 1, 1885.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM LAKE MARANOCOOK

[illegible] of the Temperance Camp meeting

LAKE MARANOCOOK July 31 The fifth [illegible] camp meeting opens [illegible] and continues through Saturday [illegible] is a fair attendance for the [illegible] An attractive programme has been [illegible] for the sessions in the line [illegible] Lodge Owing to a misunderstanding occurred this [illegible] for [illegible] was spent in mu[illegible]

[illegible] opened at one [illegible] of the Good Templars [illegible] of Brooks Grand Council [illegible] Lodge of Maine pre[illegible] Quartette of Portland, [illegible] The speakers were Rev [illegible] R H Murphy, of [illegible] Hinds shot the Drum [illegible] Rappahannock gave se[illegible] To-morrow the [illegible] Good Templars take part in [illegible] The programme closes [illegible] this evening

FROM DEER ISLAND

[illegible] Proposition Accepted

[illegible] July 31 [illegible] Committee of the creditors of A [illegible] fish packers, this after[illegible] cents on a dollar, cash, [illegible] year was reported [illegible] meeting of the creditors [illegible] The composition was voted [illegible]

Escaped from Jail

[illegible] William Mosh[illegible] this afternoon [illegible] window which [illegible] They are still [illegible]

FROM FREEPORT

The Maine Chautauqua

FREEPORT July 31 The Maine Chautauqua [illegible] four days and in to-[illegible] morrow with an even more [illegible] session than any preceding [illegible] show, of Biddeford, a [illegible] lecture gave an address [illegible] of this movement and [illegible] Bridgeton excited upon [illegible] popular Fifteen [illegible] assembly [illegible] probably be [illegible] Rosemar[illegible] excursion [illegible] Wednesday [illegible] Mr [illegible] Mr [illegible] Day [illegible] Tuesday [illegible] Mr [illegible] Dr [illegible] Mr [illegible] Mr [illegible] M

Rogers' Luck.

Rogers' luck was proverbial among his associates. It was luck unmitigated and unvarying. If fortitude and buoyancy of spirit were at all instrumental in placating the Fates, little Rogers' patient endeavor and sweetness of temper might long since have disarmed the malevolent arbiters of destiny. To every flout and frown of fortune he turned his quaint whimsically alert countenance, lighted with a brave and cheerful smile. From every tumble on the slippery ways of enterprise he lifted himself blithely, bearing aloft the original flame of his orange-colored hair, stiffly erect in accepted crest-fashion. If good blood does not whine any more than ill, then little Rogers might have laid claim to whatever grace comes with that strain, for no plaint or lamentation ever escaped the plucky little fellow. He never objurgated the luck. He always found some practical, perfectly matter-of-course reason for the failure of his ventures, and he no sooner bowed to defeat in one instance than he rallied to renewed effort in some other direction.

Swayed by his natural bias Rogers had elected at first to tread the unstable paths of journalism. But his critical turn was too imperative, his taste too exacting. Rogers' work is too finished. His superior in office declared he edited a copy out of all its original semblance. Too stilted—too carefully turned. He went with the Independent A search in topographical survey which, it may be remembered, penetrated to the interior of the province in possessions of a certain foreign Power lying on our borders. All the world remembers how that expedition was headed off by arbitration of the jealous home Government. Next a consulship was gotten for Rogers, by friends who admired his gallant pertinacity. But his Quixotic course in regard to a family of American adventurers stranded at his port very nearly involved us in a war, and Rogers was recalled. Then he tried the stage, but his determined predilection for tragedy was at loggerheads with his comical homely face and grotesque upstanding hair, so one more avenue narrowed to the vanishing point.

It was when his resources were at their lowest ebb that he received the offer of going as reporter with a surveying party under contract for Mexico. No less urgent situation would have induced poor Rogers to go away from home and Caroline Howard, but the lowest depths of his depleted scrip yearned for the reported shovelling shekels of the Mexican land, and so, after many a mutual pledge with the lady of his heart, poor little Rogers tore himself away. The young man was not devoid of a certain self-consciousness, and rather plumed himself upon freedom from false pride and singleness of purpose as exemplified in his acceptance of his notch position.

"I remember," he said to Strain, the chief of his party, looming through the arch of the Pierce I Rock, as the steamer lay off Cape San Lucas. "I remember once, when Richardson and I were down in Tulare County we ran across two of our old schoolmates who were toting chains for the survey on Page and Miller's ranch. They were the veritable Dorians of their years too. Do you know I never admired those young fellows half so much as when they leaned their backs against the plunky little fellow. He never objurgated the boys. He always found some practical, perfectly matter-of-course reason for the failure of his ventures, and he no sooner bowed to defeat in one instance than he rallied to renewed effort in some other direction."

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